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| INTERNATIONAL CORP (BLF) c/o BIGGERS & OHANIAN, LLP | | | FLEARY, CAROLYN FATIMAH | |
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) |
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| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 10/046,951 BODIN ET AL. | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | Carolyn F. Fleary | 2152 |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply | pears on the cover sheet wi | th the correspondence address |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replain of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | 136(a). In no event, however, may a many a many and the statutory minimum of thirt will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON e, cause the application to become AB | eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). |
| Status | | |
| Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06/2</u> 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under the practice under the condition of the practice under t | s action is non-final. Ince except for formal matt | • |
| Disposition of Claims | | |
| 4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-15 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o | wn from consideration. | |
| Application Papers | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E. | cepted or b) objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyan tion is required if the drawing(| ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list | ts have been received. ts have been received in A rity documents have been u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | pplication No received in this National Stage |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date S. Patent and Trademark Office TOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office A | Paper No(s | ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date .formal Patent Application (PTO-152) Part of Paper No./Mail Date 071405 |

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1,4,6,9,11 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Foladare et al. (US 6,311,210) in view of Moran et al. (US 2003/0104827) in view of Segur (US 6,212,550).

<u>In regards to claim 1, 4, 6, 9, 11 and 14</u> Foladare et al. discloses a method and system for email administration comprising steps:

- Receiving (via means-200, col. 4 l. 35-37, recorded on a medium as described in col.
 7 l. 28-41) through a transcoding gateway (160) an email message (col. 3 ll. 15-16),
 wherein
- the email message comprises at least one digital object (e.g. attachment, files, bitmap, documents etc, col. 6 II. 23-26)
- the transcoding gateway(160) is coupled to one or more display devices (302, 120-150), and
- transcoding gateway comprises, for each display, a display device record (fig. 3) comprising display format attributes (303,file extensions, col. 5 II. 11-15, col. 6 II. 37-40) of each display device(302, 120-150), wherein the display format attributes(303,file extensions, col. 5 II. 11-15, col. 6 II. 37-40) include a display

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format type for each display device (e.g. display format type equates to file extensions such as .doc. exe .bmp etc.)

- finding a display device (by way of means on a recorded medium-200&160 col. 7 l. 28-41) record for a destination display device (e.g. destination display device is a recipient of email message with an attachment), wherein the destination display device comprises a display having a display format type (e.g. display format type equates to file extensions such as .doc. exe .bmp etc.) that is the same as the digital object type (e.g. e.g. attachment, files, bitmap, documents etc, which have same file extensions such as .doc , .exe. bmp etc, col. 6 II. 21-40)
- displaying the digital object on the destination display device (col. 6 II. 55-57)

Foladare et al. is silent on:

- transcoding the digital object in dependence upon the display format attributes
 of the destination display device.
- the displayed digital object is an transcoded digital object.

Moran et al. discloses a method of email administration where transcoding email message based on display format attributes as shown below

receiving through a transcoding gateway (70) an email message (75), the transcoding gateway (70) is coupled ton one or more display devices (38,48,87,89,91,93), the transcoding gateway (70) comprises, for each display device (38,48,87,89,91,93), a display device record (80,82,81,84-94 [0029]) comprising display format attributes of each device (90 e.g. capability information [0029-0030],[0037]), finding a display device record for a destination display device ([0030][0037])

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transcoding (via means disclosed in [0030] on recording medium discloses in [0060-0063]) the email message in dependence upon the display format attributes (e.g. device capabilities) of the destination display device ([0030][0038]); and

 displaying the transcoded email message (e.g. destination message) on the destination display device ([0038])

Moran et al. is silent on

 wherein said email message comprises at least a digital object having a digital object type.

However Segur discloses a method of email administration where email messages, like those of Moran et al. comprise digital objects (e.g. voice mail and video mail which are actually email messages with attached/embedded digital objects.) as shown below

- receiving through a transcoding gateway (10) an email message (16,12,14 all electronically sent mail messages including email video mail and voice mail),
- wherein the email message (16,12,14 all electronically sent mail messages including email, as well as video mail and voice mail) comprises at least one digital object (e.g. In the case of email messages video and voice mail, a digital object is a voice and video component transmitted with the message respectively)having a digital object type(e.g. types include voice, video, text etc associated with the message).

It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Moran et al. by Segur in order to translate a message (e.g. which includes voice video, text objects) in a format required by a user (col. 4 II. 10-20) and further it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Foladare et al. by transcoding email message based on display format attributes taught by Moran et al. in view of Segur in order to allow users to send message from their devices to other

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service provider devices that contain different attributes then the sending device (abs, col. [0008][030]).

In regards to claim 4,9 and 14, Foladare et al. in view of Moran et al. in view of Segur discloses wherein displaying the transcoded digital object on the destination display device further comprises writing the transcoded digital object to display memory(Foladare et al. - 203, col. 3 l. 34-40, col. 4 l. 22-26)

3. Claims 2,3,5,7,8,10,12,13, and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Foladare et al. (US 6,311,210) in view of Moran et al. (US 2003/0104827) in view of Segur (US 6,212,550) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Tsai (US 6,839,741).

In regards to claim 2,3,5, 7,8,10,12,13, and 15 discloses wherein the transcoding gateway comprises an email client (105,160,110,115,125,135, 120,130,143,150 all of which receive and email sent by a user -100) and a service provider (115,125,135)

Foladare et al. is silent on wherein the service provider in the transcoding gateway is an HTTP Server and wherein the transcoding gateway further includes a web browser.

Moran et al. in view of Segur discloses wherein the transcoding gateway further includes a HTTP server (76, [0035]))

Moran et al. in view of Segur are silent on wherein the transcoding gateway further includes a web browser

Tsai discloses a transcoding gateway (e.g. system comprising of 112,108,106,84, 86) wherein the Transcoding gateway also comprises an email client,(86, 108, col.7 l. 5-8) a web browser(84), and a HTTP Server(106).

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It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Foladare et al. in view of Moran et al. in view of Segur by having a transcoding gateway which comprises and email client, web browser and HTTP Sever, as taught by TSAI in order to facilitate the presentation of email attachments on local email clients and webbased email clients received by a recipient (col. 2 II. 1 II. 6-9, col. 2 II. 7-13).

In regards to claim 3,8 and 13 Foladare et al. in view of Moran et al. in view of Segur discloses a client device) comprises a display device and microcomputer (Foladare et al. - client device comprised of {160,110,115,125,135,120,130,140,150)}, Moran et al. client device further comprises {all components in fig 3A except server-83) Segur (fig 1-3); all act clients to user that serves the email)

Foladare et al. in view of Moran et al. in view of Segur are silent on wherein the microcomputer further comprises the transcoding gateway, Email client, Web browser, HTTP server, wherein the transcoding gateway, the email client, the web browser and the HTTP server (20/90, col. 49-50) are coupled for data communications.

Tsai discloses further discloses a client device comprises a display device (110- which stores attachment; web server –20 which stores attachment col. 4 II. 61-64), wherein the microcomputer further comprises the Transcoding gateway (90), Email client (84) Web browser(86) HTTP server (20/90, col. 49-50) wherein the transcoding gateway(112), the email client (84), the web browser (86) and the HTTP server (20/90, col. 49-50) are coupled (e.g. Tsai shoes coupling via an LAN-91 among a email client, web browser and HTTP server) for data communications.

It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Foladare et al. in view of Moran et al. in view of Segur by Tsai for the same reasons as disclosed within the rejection of claim 2 above.

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<u>In regards to claim 5,10 and 15,</u> Foladare et al. in view of Moran et al. in view of Segur discloses displaying the transcoded digital object.

Foladare et al. in view of Moran et al. in view of Segur are silent on:

 wherein displaying the transcoded digital object on the destination display device further comprises sending the transcoded digital object to a browser.

Tsai discloses

- wherein displaying the transcoded digital object (col. 6 II. 53-57) on the destination display device (fig 5-14A-C) further comprises sending the transcoded digital object (fig 5. #26) to a browser (fig 4-84, col. 5 II. 25-30,38-42).
- It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Foladare et al. in view of Moran et al. in view of Segur by Tsai for the same reasons as disclosed within the rejection of claim 2 above.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments, filed 06/27/2005, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1,4, 6, 11 and 14 under 35 USC 102 over Shaffer (US 6,092,114).have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Foladare et al. (US 6,311,210) in view of Moran et al. (US 2003/0104827) in view of Segur (US 6,212,550) as disclosed above.

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5. In response to Applicants argument, Tsai does not disclose a transcoding

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gateway, and display device records, Examiner respectfully, disagrees.

Tsai discloses a system which transcodes a digital object (e.g. attachment) such that the

digital object (e.g. attachment) is based on display device attributes (HTML attributes for

HTML based destination devices). The invention as claimed does not provide an indication

that each display device record must contain different/varying/contrasting display device

attributes and as such Tsai system sends digital objects to display devices which happened

to all have the same display device attributes. Although the claims are interpreted in light of

the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re

Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

6. In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the

references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining

or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is

some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves

or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine.

837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21

USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case applicants argument is considered moot in light

of new combination of Foladare et al. in view of Moran et al. in view of Segur further in

view of Tsai above.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure.

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Prior art not made of record and not relied upon as disclosed in Office action dated March 24, 2005 is incorporated herein, in addition to new prior art not relied upon recorded in attached US-PTO 892 Notice of References Cited. Examiner respectfully recommends Applicant review all prior art considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Carolyn F. Fleary whose telephone number is (571) 572-7212. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 - 4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenton Burgess can be reached on (571) 272-3949. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Carolyn F Fleary Examiner Art Unit 2152

CFF

Dung C. Dinh Primary Examiner